TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. apl0,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
July 31, 1867.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. AULTZ & FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67-tf.

MORRISON HOUSE,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 16, 1866-tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. apl7'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY,
&c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hardware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted.
Huntingdon, Sept 18, 1867 6m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

AARON STEWARD, WATCHMAKER, Successor to Geo. W. Swartz, Has opened at his old stand on Hill street, opposite Brown's hardware store, a stock of all kinds of goods belonging to the line of trade.
Watch and Clock Repairing promptly attended to by practical workmen.
Huntingdon, April 10-6m

MILTON S. LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. sel2'66

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
Jan.1.1867

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865-tf.

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1868.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.
Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
WM. AFRICA
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,
A Fine Assortment of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.
Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

SPEAR'S PATENT
Fruit Preserving Solution,
FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ALL KINDS OF
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, JELLIES, WINES, CIDER, &c.
Without Sugar, and without Expensive Sealing or Air-tight Jars.
One Bottle will Preserve 128 Pounds of Fruit, or 48 Gallons of Wine or Cider.
CHEAP, HEALTHFUL AND EFFECTUAL.

This Solution, when properly used, effectually prevents fermentation or decay of Fruits, and, by the most simple and inexpensive process, every variety may be kept in a fresh and perfectly wholesome condition the year round. It is no new and uncertain experiment, but has been in practical use for the past eight years, yet has been, for the most part, kept from the public for the purpose of ascertaining the result of a series of experiments, all of which have proved the validity of all that is now confidently claimed for it.

Fruits preserved by this Solution are as good as the best "canned" fruits, while the use of the solution avoids the trouble of sealing, costly jars or cans, keeping from the air and light, frequent examinations, and the many other troubles and annoyances well known to every housewife.

Fresh native fruits the year round have become almost a household necessity, both on account of their healthfulness and as a luxury; and by the use of this solution this great luxury is within the reach of every family, rich or poor, in the land, as all kinds of fruit may be preserved during pleasure at less than one-half the expense of any other method.

The solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of health. Professor Bache, under date "U. S. Naval Laboratory, New York, September 14, 1864," says: "By direction of the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, I have examined your Preserving Solution, and meats and fruits preserved by it. I have a high opinion of its value, and believe it can be used in the preservation of those articles in a fresh state for the army and navy very advantageously. The Solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of healthfulness."

Other certificates from distinguished chemists, confirming the above, can be seen and had where the solution is sold. It is claimed:

1. That Spear's Solution preserves the flavor of all kinds of native fruits more perfectly and durably than can be done in any other way, and at much less trouble and expense;

2. That the use of the Solution renders it unnecessary to use air-tight or expensive jars or cans, and also avoids the inconvenience of hermetically sealing and keeping from the air, heat, light, etc.;

3. That the use of the Solution admits of the keeping of the fruit in vessels of any size, even in kegs or barrels if desirable;

4. That the use of the Solution allows the shipment of the fruit by salt or fresh water, in the hottest weather, without danger of loss or injury;

5. That it is invaluable in the preserving of Tomato, Peach, Pear, Apple, Quince and other Sauces, Wines and Cider; also for all kinds of Spiced Fruits; that these alone recommend it to every family, and to use it once will guarantee their approval.

L. H. SPEAR, Proprietor.
☞For sale at LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY, Huntingdon, Pa. [au21-tf

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.
A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.
Every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveler buy our
SOLAR WATCH,
or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.
Warranted to keep True Time for every Day of the Year.

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles, being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise, exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the Style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting *the morning and corresponding afternoon hours*, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable Brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR.
Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by
BEVENS, FABRE & CO.,
34 North Ninth Street, Philada.
☞For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article—apply immediately. WM. LEWIS,
se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.
S. E. HENRY & CO.,
Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of
BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &c.
Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight landed. no7

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

MONEY!
ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!
The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.
may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

HAMS. HAMS.
Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

SOAPS AND CANDLES.
Washing and Toilet Soaps—the best kinds—for sale at
LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

EVERY FAMILY Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!
Levering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis Family Grocery.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1867. NO. 11.

SEPTEMBER DAYS.

In flickering light and shade the broad stream goes,
With cool, dark nooks and checkered, rippling shallows;
Through reedy fens its sluggish current flows,
Where lilies grow and purple blossomed mallows.

The aster-blooms above its eddies shine,
With pollened bees about them humming slowly,
And in the meadow-lands the drowsy kine
Making music with their sweet bells, tinkling slowly.

The shrill cicada, on the hillside tree,
Sounds to its mate a note of love or warning,
And turtle-doves re-echo, plaintively,
From upland fields, a soft, melodious mourning.

A golden haze conceals the horizon,
A golden sunshine slants across the meadows;
The pride and prime of Summer-time is gone,
But beauty lingers in these Autumn shadows.

The wild-hawk's shadow fleets across the grass,
Its softened gray the softened green outvying;
And fair scenes fairer grow while yet they pass,
As breezes freshen when the day is dying.

O sweet September! thy first breezes bring
The dry leaf's rustle and the squirrel's laughter,
The cool, fresh air, whence health and vigor spring,
And promise of exceeding joy hereafter.

Society.

What is society, anyhow? A clique assembles and calls itself society. Another clique assembles and announces that it is society also. Perhaps another clique may arise, and many others, and each clique wars against the others, sneers and backbites, and assumes all sorts of airs. All this reminds us of the circles in Dante's "Inferno," where the different grades of punishment are meted out. But the sufferings, the heart-burnings and bitterness of the sufferers in the "Inferno" are nothing compared with those in the different circles of society. The dreadful struggle to "rise" and gain "position" is something so utterly foolish that we can (to be charitable) only pity those who make innumerable sacrifices to gain another step on the ladder of fashion, which is like Jacob's ladder, only devils, instead of angels, ascend and descend.

Oh, the struggles to get into Mrs. Washington Highflyer's "set!" Oh, the insults and slights to be undergone in the attempt! Poor, silly creatures! Better be happy in a quiet way, knowing those for whom you care sincerely, than sacrifice almost everything on the altar of the inexorable god, Mammon, in an endeavor to be envied by a select few who belong to the "old families, whose grandfathers fought in the Revolution, my dear, (and were probably Hessians!) and who can trace their descent from the Poldoody's who came over after the battle of Hastings." In this free land—this new land—where there are no kings or queens or Milor Beefs, the attempt to scare up an aristocracy is amusing. Tush, tush! What if your father was a butcher, or a shoemaker, or a drayman? Was he an honest man? Aye, sir, he was indeed! Thank God for that, then, and be proud of him!

We are all snobs. The sons and daughters of the butcher or shoemaker or drayman are sorry their fathers were such. Reasonable enough! Would they could have been landed gentlemen. But because they were not, is no reason why the children should blush for them. Pride is a good thing—it teaches us to live honorably, for our own sakes and the sake of our children—but when it tends to snobbishness, it is time to check it. Avoid "society." It is a social poison, and Mrs. Washington Highflyer is a cobra di capello. Live happily—live for your family—and as for "society"—bah, we won't mention it! Let it go! It is a laughable delusion, and we, who have not the glamour over our eyes, can smile pityingly when we see its votaries offering up everything at its shrine, and then falling dead before the heartless deity on discovering that all their efforts have come to naught.

VULGAR LANGUAGE.—There is as much connection between the words and thoughts as there is between the thoughts and the actions. The latter are not only the expressions of the former, but they have the power to react upon the soul and leave the stain of their corruption there. A young man who allows himself to make use of one vulgar or profane word has not only shown that there is a foul spot upon his mind, but by the utterance of that word he extends the spot and inflames it, till, by indulgence, it will pollute the whole soul. Be careful of your words, as they show your thoughts. If you can control the tongue so that no improper words are pronounced by it, you will soon be able to control the mind, and save that from corruption. You will extinguish the fire by smothering it, or by preventing bad thoughts from bursting out in language. Never utter a word anywhere which you would be ashamed to speak in the presence of the most refined female or religious man. Try this practice a little while, and you will soon have command of yourself.

☞We trace an effect to a cause, and that cause to another cause, and so on, till we hold some few links of a chain whose extent is without beginning as without end.

Letter from Mr. Wm. Lloyd Garrison on the Temperance Question.

The London *Daily News*, of September 4th, publishes the following: The usual annual fete and concert of the Band of Hope Union, and other societies connected with the temperance and total abstinence movement, took place yesterday at the Crystal Palace. The attendance was immense—the central transept and the nave and side aisles for a considerable distance on either side between crowded almost to excess. Considerable disappointment was occasioned by the announcement made at the commencement of the proceedings that Mr. William Lloyd Garrison, whose name had been published as one of the intended speakers, would *not be present, and in the course of the* day the following letter from that gentleman was read:

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 30.—Dear Mr. Rae:—* * * * What can I say that has not already been said and repeated a million times over, in words of warning, entreaty, affection, and love, respecting the omnipresent curse of intemperance, and the solemn duty of all who claim to be animated by *the sentiments of humanity, or governed by* the principles of Christianity, to labor for the removal of that curse from the earth by an uncompromising testimony against the habitual and moderate use of intoxicating drinks? The sure, the only remedy is to be found in obedience to the saving injunction, "Touch not, taste not, handle not." There are many evils of colossal dimensions which are merely local, and bounded by certain degrees of latitude and longitude. The evil of intemperance follows the sun in its circuit, overleaps all geographical boundaries, disregards all differences of climate, conquers all nationalities, and covers the whole earth with its desolating tracks. For the last three centuries chattel slavery has cursed almost exclusively the African race; but intemperance scoffs at all complexional, all tribal distinctions, and, whether in barbaric or civilized climes, among "Greenland's icy mountains," or on "Afric's coral strand"—whether in Heathendom or Christendom—strikes down its victims by the same process, and sends them to the same premature grave. Undoubtedly, it would be taking an inadequate view to ascribe its awful prevalence wholly to any one custom or habit. It has its root in oppression, ignorance, degradation, poverty, delusion, sensualism, a passion for abnormal excitement, the supremacy of the animal over the spiritual nature, the lack of steady and remunerative labor. But its most productive cause, by far, is to be found in the intoxicating and seductive quality of alcohol itself, and in the consequent use of it as a beverage, more or less diluted, among all classes of society. Moderate drinking is the immediate cause of all the immoderate drinking in the world; and when it is banished from society as a habit or fashion, the work of reformation will be transcendently glorious. Of the myriads who have gone down to drunkards' graves, not one purposely sought his miserable fate, or failed to find it through the trap door of moderate drinking. As in the struggle for the abolition of negro slavery, it was the so-called benevolent, tender-hearted, Christian slaveholders, not the brutal overseers and drivers, that constituted the body-guard of the infernal system, warding off all attacks upon it on account of their reputedly upright character, so in regard to intemperance, it finds its shelter and source, not among its victims reeling in the streets or lying in the gutter, but in the persistent habits of otherwise respectable and often exemplary men, sometimes even reformers in other directions, who, holding the doctrine of total abstinence to be absurd or fanatical, and the use of intoxicating stimulants (in moderation, of course,) to be not only quite innocent, but essential to good fellowship, generous hospitality, and good physical condition, daily set an example at their own tables or at the festive board which is very *potential* for evil. What more can be done to arouse them to a consciousness of the fact that they are among the greatest stumbling-blocks in the way of the progress of the temperance movement? Trusting that your vast gathering at the Crystal Palace, as now designed, will give a fresh impetus to that movement, I remain yours, in the patience of hope and the labor of love.

WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON.

ROBERT RAE, ESQ.

IS THERE A HORSE-HEAVEN?—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in his story in the New York *Ledger*, discusses the question, through two of his favorite characters, in the following quaint manner;

"I tell you," said Hiram, turning slightly toward the doctor, "these horses are jest as near human as is good for 'em. A good horse has sense jest as much as a man has; and he's proud too, and he loves to be praised, and he knows when you treat him with respect. A good horse has the best pints of a man, without his failin's."

"What do you think becomes of horses, Hiram, when they die?" said Rose.

"Wal, Miss Rose, it's my opinion that there's use for horses hereafter, and that you'll find there's a horse heaven. There's Scripture for that, too."

"Ah!" said Rose, a little surprised at these confident assertions. "What Scripture do you mean?"

"Why in the book of Revelations!—Don't it give an account of a white horse, and a red horse, and black horses and gray horses? I've allers s'posed that when it said Death rode on a pale horse, it must have been gray, 'cause it had mentioned white once already. In the ninth chapter, too, it says there was an army of two hundred thousand horsemen. Now, I should like to know where they got so many horses in Heaven if none of 'em that die off here go there? It's my opinion that a good horse's a darned sight likelier to go to Heaven than a bad man!"

☞A member of the bar once entered the Court of Appeals of New York while a counsellor was arguing an important case. "Who is that gentleman addressing the Court?" said he, speaking to Charles O'Connor, who was sitting near him. "That, sir, is Daniel Lord, *Junior*, and he puts on the 'Junior' so that he may not be mistaken for the Lord Almighty." It may be inferred that these two professionals resembled neither Damon and Pythias, nor Jonathan and David, in their affection for each other.

☞A vaunting man's mouth is a perpetual gas bill.

The Perils of Celibacy.

The London Review, commenting on Dr. Stark's statements that "the death rate among bachelors is double what it is among married men between the ages of twenty-five and thirty; between thirty and thirty five it remains at nearly the same proportion; while on the whole, taking married and single in the lump, husbands live twenty years longer than unmated gentlemen" says that another grace is bestowed on the sex. They are more than our preservers. Hygiene shakes hands with Hymen. But what if Dr. Stark's figures bear a different interpretation? Suppose we regard the hecatomb of bachelors an offering upon the shrine of blighted affection! Young men are jilted, and die of it. Their more fortunate friends bask in the heat of the domestic hearth, while poor "Tom's a cold," "Tom all alone," shivering in the dreary world without, until he is carried off under the direction of an economical necropolis company.

Dr. Stark puts matters in a way that there is no shirking. He does not say whom or what you are to marry, but widow or maid you must engage with, if your career is not to be cut down to half its legitimate extent. The reason of the wonderful difference is certainly not on the surface. Bachelors are not invariably rakes; and a modern bachelor, well schooled in the modes of pleasure, knows how to enjoy life with as little detriment to his health as possible. It is said that a man with asthma survives that complaint for an intolerable period, but we refrain from associating his powers of endurance with those of a father of a family. A bachelor should have few cares, even if he keeps late hours.—Then we have heard of the "old bachelors. Is the race threatened with extinction? The more we look at Dr. Stark's sums the more they puzzle us. His bachelors—for we are tempted to believe that he is in a measure the proprietor of the lot he makes an example of—must be an entirely different set from those we are accustomed to meet.

What kills them? And when we have asked that question, we should like to know why they apparently *prefer sudden death to lingering matrimony.* Dr. Stark, with a grim exactness, holds out this warning scroll of morality, which we have no doubt will be made a text-sheet by mothers with marriageable daughters. It comes opportunely at the commencement of the season. Can meerschaum or cigars of Havana be the cause of the mischief? Would a latch-key unlock the mystery? Do bachelors pine at lonely moments in chambers and lodgings, and then expire of broken hearts? Dr. Stark should have informed us of the number of young ladies who live and die unknown. He should have set one column off against the other.—We are curious on this point, or rather curious as to the manner in which Dr. Stark would make it, *for our own* registrar general has never produced the startling effects of the Scotch statistician, although he has cast up very similar accounts.

In Scotland, Doctor Stark's native ground, there is a bold indecision on the subject of marriage, which periodically affects the return of births. But Scotland is a very pious country, and the good people do not mind trifles as long as they observe the Sabbath, and keep music out of the churches. We trust, however, that the fatal influence *of celibacy, as shown by Dr. Stark,* will have an effect upon those incidental moralities which do not include the crime of whistling on Sundays. If Dr. Stark is right, bachelors should literally marry in haste, in the teeth of the rest of the saw. If Dr. Stark is wrong, they don't lose much after all in taking the course suggested by his calculations.

HOW TO DO GOOD.—Dr. Johnson wisely said, "He who waits to do a great deal at once will never do anything." Life is made up of little things. It is but once in an age that occasion is offered for doing a great deed. True greatness consists in being great in little things. How are railroads built? By one shovel of dirt after another; one shovel at a time. Thus, drops make the ocean. Hence we should be willing to do a little good at a time, and never wait to do a great deal of good at once. If we would do much good in the world, we must be willing to do good in little things, little acts one after another; speaking a word here, giving a tract there, and setting a good example all the time; we must do the first we can, and the next, and the next, and so keep on doing good. This is the way to accomplish anything. Thus only shall we do all the good in our power.

ERRORS.—The little that I have seen of the world and known of the history of mankind, teaches me to look upon their errors in sorrow, not in anger. When I take the history of one poor heart that has sinned and suffered, and represent to myself the struggles and temptations it passed through; the brief pulsation of joy; the tears of regret; the feebleness of purpose; the scorn of the world that has little charity; the desolation of the soul's sanctuary and threatening voices within; health gone, happiness gone, I would fain leave the soul of my fellow-man with him from whose hands it came.

☞A bashful young man escorted an equally bashful young lady. As they approached the dwelling of the damsel she said, entreatingly: "Zekiel, don't tell anybody you beau'd me home." "Sary," said he, emphatically, "don't you mind! I am as much ashamed of it as you are."

☞Self-conceit is the attendant of ignorance.

Farm Life.

Being invited recently to deliver an agricultural address before a Harvest Home Association in Central N. Y. on the occasion of their annual festival, the "Fat Contributor" consented. We make the following eloquent extract from his address: Although fortune (or perhaps the want of it) cast my lot amid the struggling multitudes of a great city, where you wouldn't see a farm in a walk of several squares, where there are no meadows with their waving potato tops, or wheat fields ripe for the woodman's axe, yet I have always felt a deep interest in the farming classes, and I flatter myself that I know something of the noble pursuit you follow. I will say here that it has been the ambition of my life to be an honest old farmer. To earn my bread by the sweat of a hired man's brow. How delightful life on a farm must be; I can imagine what vigor is imparted to the frame, and what strength to the muscles by reclining in the shade and watching the mowers as they gayly swing their threshing machines, and then what appetite one must acquire for the noontide lunch, by observing the merry reapers at their work, digging their wheat and raking and binding their potatoes, and their——their fall apples.

How often, in imagination, have I followed you, as you went forth of a summer morning, when the dew was on the grass seed, *neatly attired in* white linen suits and patent leather boots, with your corn shellers swung lightly over your shoulders to cut your winter's wood. I have seemed to hear your merry songs sweeping up from meadows, as you gathered your watermelons and turnips into your—your corn-houses, while mingled with the busy hum of your sorghum evaporators, came the musical bleating of your cattle, and the lowing of your sheep and poultry.

Then when winter comes, and the sun prevents you from continuing your haying, and the cold north winds shake off your ripening strawberries; I picture you sitting by your gas stoves, mending your fanning mills, in *preparation for your spring plowing,* or amusing yourselves with Beadle's Dime Book of Agriculture. Winter on a farm; how delightful! What a pleasure it must be to fodder the chickens in the dairy and to hear the musical clucking of the pigs as they clamor for their oats and hay. Then when the winter evening comes, and the robin and the bobolink have ceased their song and gone to roost on the well sweep, I can imagine no greater delight than to gather around the blazing fireplace, regardless of the fascination of the storm without and amuse yourselves with apple pearing, knitting, base ball, seven-up, and other athletic games.

I envy not, then, the pale dyspeptic who *bends from morning till night* over his sordid ledger in the crowded marts of trade, or the child of idleness and affluence, who grows premature old amid the dissipations of the city. They know nothing of the pleasures of a life like yours, which I believe I have in no way overdrawn; if they did they would transport their cities into country, or transform them into agricultural communities by act of Legislature.

A Million and a Billion.

We are perpetually hearing of millions, and of how many millions it will take to do this or that. We have a good idea what a million of dollars will do, but we have very much doubt whether one person in a thousand has a very correct idea of the quantity or number contained in a million. For instance, if you would ask a person how long it would occupy him to put down a million dots with a pen upon a sheet of paper, he will generally tell you sometime so far from the fact as to be laughable. Permit us therefore to say, for we have tried the experiment more than once, that it would occupy an expert penman about fourteen days, supposing him to work bank hours (that is six,) incessantly, doing nothing but putting dots on the paper or dipping his pen in the ink. This will give our readers some idea of the quantity or number contained in a million.

Let one try it, by laying his watch on the table, close to the paper, and work for ten or twenty minutes, then add and multiply. But what is a million compared to a billion? It is a mere nothing. What then is a billion? A very short answer will suffice for a very short story. It is a billion times a million. But who could count it? No man! A quick bank-teller can count one hundred and 60 and 70 a minute; but let us suppose he could go as far as 200. Then one hour would produce 12,000, a day 288,000, and a year or 364 days 105,120,000. Let us suppose now, that Adam at the beginning of his existence had begun to count, had continued to do so, and was counting still, he would not now, according to the usually supposed age of our globe, have counted near enough. For, to count a billion, he would require 9,520 years, 34 days, 5 hours and 20 minutes. Now supposing we were to allow poor Adam 12 hours daily for rest, eating and sleeping, he would need 19,024 years, 60 days, 10 hours and 40 minutes.

We believe a common water pail would hold a billion grains of sand from the sea shore. This sand is the debris of rocks and stones. How many millions of years, then, were these rocks and stones rolling in the ocean to produce them? What then, is the age of the globe we inhabit? It is as much beyond human comprehension as is the speed of comets through immeasurable space.

THE GLOBE
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Wit, Humor and Wisdom.

WOULDN'T PAY A CENT.—Rather a lively dialogue that which took place in a down-town restaurant the other day. One of the brisk and bustling waiters stepped up to a table where a sedate-looking individual had just finished a lunch, and pertly inquired:

"What have you had, sir?"

"Had! I've had the stomach-ache like thunder, eating your pies."

"I mean have you got a check, sir?" said the waiter, fidgeting.

"No, nothing but currency," said the customer, opening a calf-skin wallet.

"I want to know what you have got to pay," said the attendant loudly.

"Got to pay a note for five hundred dollars, and not a dollar yet," replied the imperturbable one.

The despairing waiter threw a "coming, sir," at half a dozen impatient customers, and making a last effort, said slowly, "H-o-w m-u-c-h a-r-e you going to pay?"

"Not a darned cent; taken the benefit of the bankrupt act," said his tormentor, and buttoned up his coat, he walked steadily out before the bewildered *garcon* could recover his senses.

A MIRACLE OF HONESTY.—At a party one evening several contested the honor of having done the most extraordinary thing. A reverend gentleman was appointed judge of their respective pretensions.

One produced his tailor's bill with a receipt attached to it. A buzz went through the room that this could not be outdone, when a second proved he had just arrested his tailor for money lent him. "The palm is his," was the cry, when a third put in his claim. It was he had returned two umbrellas. The astonished arbiter said he would hear no more, and was about to award the prize, when he was stopped by the fourth, who said:

"I have done still more than that."

"Impossible!" cried the company. "Let us hear."

"I have been taking my paper for twenty years, and have paid for it every year in advance."

He took the prize.

CURIOSITY.—A person of an observing turn of mind, if he has rode through a country town, has noticed how curious youngsters along the route will fill the windows with anxious faces in order to get a glimpse at all passers by. A Yankee peddler drove up in front of a house one day, and seeing all hands and the cook staring from the windows, got off from his cart, when the following dialogue took place with the man of the house:

Jonathan. Has there been a funeral here lately?

Man of the house. No; why?

Jonathan. I saw there was one pane of glass that did't have a head in it.

Man. You leave blasted quick, or there *will* be a funeral.

BARBER PUZZLED.—Three brothers bearing a remarkable resemblance to one another, were in the habit of shaving at the same barber shop, on Main street. Not long ago one of the brothers entered the shop in the morning, and was duly shaved by (H.) a German who had been at work in the shop only for a short time. About noon another brother came in and underwent a similar operation at the hands of the barber. In the evening the third brother made his appearance, when the man dropped his razor in astonishment, and *exclaimed*:

'Vell, Mine Gott, dat man hash de fashtest beards I never saw. I shaves dis mornin, shaves him at dinner times, and he goomes now pi tam mit his peard so long as it never vash!

THERE was once a Jew who was particularly fond of pork, and who used to go out of town to eat it at a favorite tavern. One day he had just cut a slice when a fearful clap of thunder and a dazzling flash of lightning illuminated his room. Conscience-stricken and trembling, he dropped his knife and fork. By degrees, however, his courage returned, and he had swallowed a few mouthfuls when another clap and another flash ten times worse than the first renewed his terrors. Pushing away his plate he reluctantly rose from the table, muttering as he did so, "Lord, Lord, what a fuss about a little piece of pork?"

A REASON FOR BEING TOO LATE.—Canning and another gentleman were looking at a picture of the Deluge. The ark was in the middle distance; in the fore-sea an elephant was seen struggling with his fate.

"I wonder," said the gentleman, "that the elephant did not seek an inside place."

"He was too late, my friend," replied Canning; "he was detained packing up his trunk."

THE following, which we cut from an exchange, will probably prove of much use to farmers and agriculturists generally:

"Somebody says that the best way to get rid of weeds is to always put your cigar case and its contents at the service of your friends. Jones says that the most effective means he ever tried was by squeezing the hand of a plump young bereaved in black. The next day she was in half mourning, and a second kindly pressure resulted in a pink gown with a white bonnet."

A POSER.—"Ma," said an inquisitive little girl, "will rich and poor people live together when they go to Heaven?"

"Yes, my dear, they will be all the same there."

"Then Ma, why don't rich and poor Christians associate here."

The mother did not answer.

"FATHER, what does the printer live on?" "Why, child?" "O, because you said you hadn't paid for your paper for three years!" Exit father with a flea in his ear.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 25, 1867.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } Editors.

☞The new Governor of California is a war Democrat, opposed to the Congressional plan of reconstruction.

☞Some of the Republican papers fear that Ohio will go against their party on the 2d Tuesday of October. In that State the negro suffrage question is fairly in the contest, and is being advocated by the leaders of the party.

☞The Philadelphia *Evening Telegraph*, Republican, don't see success very promising. It says:—"The success of the Republican party in the approaching election is not by any means assured." Who will be to blame if the Republican party should be defeated? Republican editors who have been doing the bidding of Stevens, Phillips, Sumner & Co., and all the corrupt men of their party. The honest masses tire *in serving such men.*

That's What's the Trouble.—The New York *Independent*, a leading Republican paper, says:

"Such men as Wendell Phillips, Charles Sumner, Thaddeus Stevens, and General Butler, are the coulter of the plough; they break ground just a little ahead of the general furrow. *Find where these men stand to-day, and you have found where the rest of the party will stand to-morrow.*"

It is because the people begin to believe that such is the situation of the Republican party that a reaction is taking place. A few years ago and the fanatical notions of Wendell Phillips & Co., were as unpopular as the treason of Jeff. Davis is to-day, but now negro political equality is advocated in every State by most of the Republican papers and not denounced by any. Is it any wonder then that a large number of Republicans are breaking ranks—backing out from the support of measures they are opposed to.

☞We are passing through an eventful period, politically considered. We can only liken it to the campaign succeeding the outbreak of the rebellion. There was then but two sides, and men voted one way or the other. A Union party was formed composed of Republicans and Democrats, amongst whom no partyism existed. The first elections proved successful to the interests of this party, and each succeeding election the majorities increased. The war ceased, and with it the name of "Union" was dropped and "Republican" again raised, and a new platform was adopted and new objects sought for. The course of this party has been closely watched; of it was expected the restoration of the Union, upon the principles on which the war for that object was fought. This restoration has not been accomplished; but we are being plunged into greater difficulties through the headstrong perseverance of bold and rabid men. The thinking people see this, and hence comes the reaction. No appeals, no entreaties, no opposition can prevent its further progress. It is the strong under-current of the popular will, which will move the faster as it widens. Its success will be equivalent to the same popular feeling that existed during the war, and by it we hope to see a change for the better at no distant day. No party can lay claim to the victory that may follow. To the people, and to the people alone belongs the victory; and no party can succeed which does in spite of their will.

"Democratic Victories."—All elections that have gone against the Republican party this fall have been claimed as "Democratic Victories," and the same claims will be made in the elections yet to come off where the Republicans may be defeated. All such claims are and will be false. The Democratic organization to-day is no stronger than it was during the war or since its close—but as a *choice of evils* thousands of conservative independent voters vote for Democratic candidates and give them success in hopes of bettering the financial as well as the political condition of the country. The "Democratic Victories" are in truth conservative victories, made such, not by the vote of the Democratic organization, but by the independent voters who since the war commenced, voted with what was a *Union* party. This independent vote was the back-bone of the war party, and if properly aroused, will yet save the country from ruin. Credit should be given where credit is due—to the honest independent voters of the country—to voters ever ready to vote for men and measures, they may believe will best advance the best interests of our whole country. Give us a *Union* in reality, peace, prosperity and happiness, and the independent vote does not care what party fills the offices. The country is tired of mere political legislation, such as has been "the order of the day" for almost every day during the sessions of Congress and State Legislatures since the rebellion has been crushed by the strong arm of the Union army.

Official returns of the Maine election received from four hundred and forty-two towns, give Chamberlain (Radical) 56,406, and Pillsbury (Democrat) 44,792. Majority for Chamberlain 11,704.

☞Among the good results of our late conflict—one which is hardly second in importance to the abolition of slavery—was the almost total annihilation of the State Bank system, and the substitution of a National, for the dubious currency formerly in existence. Such a result would not have been effected in a time of peace. The National Bank system was a war measure and designed to enlist the banking capital of the country, in aid of the finances of the Government, and the profits were so great that the State Banks almost universally relinquished their charters and hastened to embrace the opportunity of organizing under the National system. Other capitalists also finding they could employ their means profitably, obtained charters. Thus a demand was created for Government securities and the Treasury was placed in funds to put down the rebellion. The operation of the new system was profitable to the capitalist, beneficial to the Government, and aided much in ridding us of a currency, under which constant losses were being sustained by the community through failures, discount, &c., &c. The National Treasury however now needs all her resources in order to maintain the credit of the Nation, and liquidate her immense debt; taxpayers are clamorous for a reduction of their burdens, and every possible means will have to be resorted to in order to satisfy them. That the currency furnished us by the National Banks is not any better than greenbacks, nor in fact quite as good, is manifest, and consequently the latter may as well be substituted, and thus relieve the government from the payment of interest in gold upon some three hundred millions of dollars. Of this none can complain except the Banks, who will be deprived of this great source of profit, but they have been amply compensated for the aid they rendered during the war, and ought not now to exhibit any opposition to Congress adopting such measures as will tend toward relief of the business of the country from present heavy taxation.

Trying to Kill Him Off.

There are several prominent gentlemen in the Republican ranks anxious to be the Presidential candidate of the party next fall, and fearing that Gen. Grant may be in their way, have already gone to work to kill him off. The following circular has been issued by a committee in the interest of Speaker Colfax, of Indiana, located at Washington. The other candidates no doubt endorse all but the 16th reason:

Sixteen Reasons why our Republican Party should not run Gen Grant for President in 1868.

1. He has *all* he deserved at the hands of the American people.
2. He could not deliver an Inaugural Address.
3. Because *no Democrat* has succeeded for the past quarter of a century as *President of the United States.*
4. Because at this peculiar period in the history of our great country we need an ABLE AND EXPERIENCED STATESMAN at the "White House."
5. Because *One Hundred Thousand Graves and Four Million of Freedmen* DEMAND A REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.
6. He is now *and always has been a Democrat*, and has *never* indorsed *the Republican Party.*
7. Because he has proved a *failure in every capacity* outside of the military.
8. He claims to have no knowledge of Politics or National affairs.
9. Because all the *Democratic and Rebel papers* indorse him.
10. He has followed our drunken Democratic Johnson *in all his Rebellious* rows against *Congress and our party*
11. Because he has *insulted the Republican Party* by indorsing the removal of the Secretary of War and accepting the position *himself.*
12. We have *one hundred* better men for President.
13. Because all parties claim him as belonging to *their* party.
14. We have the power to elect a *Statesman*, if we wish to.
15. Because the Democrats and Rebels have *no other available candidate.*
16. Because Illinois gave us IMMORTAL LINCOLN, and Indiana offers OUR MOST AVAILABLE CANDIDATE.

AMERICAN REPUBLICANS.

☞PLEASE POST THIS UP.

This circular is a fair sample of the meat-ax style of opposition made by the political candidates of the present day towards each other. No man's good name is safe with them. To secure position and power that their own selfish ends may be accomplished, they are ever ready to sacrifice their country's honor. General Grant, so long as he remains true to the people, the honor and best interests of his country, and refuses to yield to the demands of the politicians, will continue to be the favorite candidate of the loyal masses of all parties for the next Presidency.

☞If the Republican party should be defeated in this State, or in most of the Senatorial and Legislative districts, it will be nothing more than the party deserves. Almost in every instance where the party had the power, the most damnable political corruption has been winked at, and attempts made to keep the people ignorant of the rascalities practiced. We do not say that Democrats would be any more honest—but a great many Republicans think a change would not make the "situation" worse—might make it better. One thing is certain, a reform must soon take place, or the people will be ruined by an increase of taxes. The extravagance and corruption in the last Legislature will not soon be forgotten.

Parties in the South.

We clip the following article from the *Albany* (Georgia) *News*, to show the state of political affairs in that State:

"We have not the least idea, that if the Radicals could have foreseen that which is becoming more apparent every day—a tendency upon the part of the colored people to ignore white men as counsellors and leaders—even if they are of the most Radical type *politically*—they would ever have committed themselves to such a scheme as negro suffrage. That there is a strong feeling of caste—of exclusiveness—increasing among the negroes, no one dare deny. A few months ago, the most arrogant of the race would pay due deference to superior intelligence, and grant that the whites had greater experience, and therefore should be elevated as leaders. This was very complimentary and soothing to a few adventurers who had come among us for spoils, and a few "small-fry politicians," who under the old regime, never possessed intelligence and ability enough to gain position among their neighbors, but have now espoused the radical cause, hoping that the credulity of the negro would give them the desire of their hearts. But, alas! for the aspirations of these vaporing patriots, the negroes have made a discovery, and are disposed to use it.

They have discovered, that by blind and fanatical legislation, they have become the controlling political power, and they are determined to exert that power for the special interest of their own particular class. An exhibition of this assurance was made at Atlanta when the negroes demanded an equal division of policemen of the City Council. If the council dares to refuse they will in the future elect councils of their own caste. They feel that political and social equality are facts already accomplished, and that no reaction of public sentiment can deprive them of them. Hence they feel hesitancy in throwing aside the counsels of the degraded and designing demagogues, through whose influence they have been elevated. A month or two ago, the colored men of this community gave the first symptoms of this revolt. They determined in their caucus, so we are creditably informed, to vote for no man unless he was Southern born. This was the death knell to the hopes of "squatters." However, it has had the influence to bring to the surface a few "Southern born" who were willing to make the sacrifice, for the profits of the office. But alas; a change has come, and Sambo thinks he is capable of running the machine, and will attend to such matters himself. Hence in this community we may look for an African party—so exclusively African that none can hope for the emoluments and honors of office, unless they bear plainly in their complexion the evidences of dark blood. A black heart alone can be no longer palmed off upon them, —their needs must be a black face. This is no idle speculation—it is truth. Let him who can, prove it false. Nor is it a matter of surprise, that the negroes thus favored above the whites who formerly held them, and whom they have by all the ingenuity and energy of radicalism, been taught to hate and mistrust, should desire to display their newly acquired ascendancy."

Antietam Cemetery Dedication.

Keedysville, September 17, 1867.—The dedication of Antietam National Cemetery took place to-day. The programme carried out was as follows:

Military and Masonic bodies escorted the President and party to the Cemetery, where, in the presence of an immense throng, the exercises opened by prayer.

Governor Swann, on assuming the Presidential chair, tendered a welcome to President Johnson and the Governors of other States, who came to participate in the ceremonies. After alluding to the part taken by Maryland in establishing the cemetery, he said: "We are here in calm sunshine to mingle our tears with the survivors for those who sacrificed life for their country upon this field." He invoked the Almighty to speedily restore harmony to the whole country.

A hymn was then sung by the assemblage.

The corner stone of then Monument was then laid by the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Maryland.

The oration was then delivered by Ex-Gov. Bradford. After referring to the distinguished persons present, he stated that in response to a vote of thanks of Maryland to the army for protecting the State from rebels, the Commander of that army committed the remains of those who fell to the care of the State. The details of the action by Maryland in the matter were given by the orator. The number engaged on the field of Antietam on the Union side was 87,640, while the rebel force was estimated at 97,000. The previous campaigns of the army were referred to and the anxiety of the public mind depicted. The disasters to the army under Pope, its shattered condition, its reorganization by Gen. McClellan, and victory won over the confident hosts of the rebellion by that reorganized army, were dwelt on at great length, with many correlative facts and circumstances. He concluded by invoking adherence to the Constitution and said: "Come the peril to it whence it may, from State Rights or Consolidation, let me, on the anniversary of its adoption, in the name of the men who made it, by the memory of the men who have died for it, on this spot, where blood has been so profusely shed in its behalf, appeal to you to preserve, protect and defend it."

The poem was next delivered.

Remarks followed from President Johnson and others, after which the services closed with a benediction, and the President and party were escorted to the station.

Salutes were fired at sun rise, during the procession, and at the close. Everything passed off well.

☞The Alleghany Temperance League has placed in nomination Matthias M. McGonigle, Esq., as a candidate for County Commissioner. This is the fourth candidate for that office in that county.

☞Gen. Grant's father made a speech at a Democratic meeting in Cincinatti on Friday night last.

Remarkable Discoveries.—*It may* not be generally known that the ground on which the city of Nashville now stands was once the site of an ancient and populous town, yet such is supposed to be the fact. Some of the most interesting antiquities of our State are found along the lower course of Stone river, but a few miles from Nashville. A wide area of country there is covered thickly with thousands of graves of now forgotten people.

But a few days ago several gentlemen made some researches in this region, and found their labors richly rewarded by some striking discoveries. At a place known as Schell's Spring they found a mound of considerable height, *and perhaps forty feet in diameter*, which proved upon examination to be nothing less than a vast mausoleum of the dead. The graves were found to be made of flat rocks, symmetrically joined together, and three tiers deep from the base of the mound to its apex. Bones were found in a remarkable state of preservation, together with pottery and shells. Very large ornaments have been dug out in this locality, made from shells found only in the Gulf of Mexico.

A gentleman of acknowledged skill and authority in antiquarian matters, who conducted the researchers made a few days ago, estimated that the remains which they unearthed could not have a less age than six or seven hundred years. What is remarkable, no warlike implements are found in this locality, from which it is inferred that they were a peaceable race, and were probably exterminated or driven away by the Indians. In one of the graves was found a beautiful little vase, which had been placed in the hand of the inmate of the tomb at the time of the burial. Upon this little bit of earthenware was the model of a diminutive animal The care which these people took of their dead shows a high degree of humanity. We learn that other investigations in this section are to be made ere long. The field is certainly a rich one for the antiquarian.—*Nashville Times.*

Pen and Scissors.

People starve to death in Brooklyn in genuine Andersonville style. One skeletonized woman was found with her mouth full of hen's feathers. Her daughter said she "guessed mother was chewin' of 'em" to get some nourishment.

Pegged boots, if occasionally dressed with petroleum between the soles and the upper leather, will not rip. If the sole of the boots and shoes, are dressed with petroleum they will resist wet and wear well. The pegs, it is said, are not affected by dryness, after being well saturated with the liquid.

The Union Pacific Railroad is now finished four hundred and sixty miles west of Omaha, and within fifty miles of Cheyenne City, Kansas. The branch Pacific Railroad is completed twelve miles beyond the station just accepted by the commissions, which carries the track two hundred and seventy miles west of the Missouri river.

The Crawford County system of making nominations was tried in the staunch Republican county of Lancaster this year for the first time, and it worked admirably. Primary meetings were dispensed with, and the Republicans voted for candidates direct. The result is an excellent ticket, and entire harmony.

When the lightning struck a building in Rutland, it very unceremoniously threw a half-intoxicated Irishman out of a window by which he was standing. The first thing the fellow did on reaching *terra firma* was to off with his coat, exclaiming: "Be jabers, I can lick the first man that pushed me o' that windy! Which o' ye done it?"

A great geological curiosity has just been deposited in the museum of the Hartley Institution, at Southampton, England, consisting of a piece of flexible stone, about two feet long, seven inches wide, and more than one inch in thickness, having the appearance of rough sandstone, which bends, with a slight pressure, like a piece of Indian rubber or gutta percha of the same size.

A party of travellers who have been exploring along the Yellow Stone river, in the far Northwest, report that on eight miles of the country there are the most wonderful volcanic appearances, blue flames issuing from the ground, accompanied by a strong whistling sound, craters abounding in every direction and streams of molten brimstone. Hell was the name they gave that newly discovered country.

The *Scientific American* is authority for the statement that it is contemplated, on the completion of a new rail road from London to Liverpool, to run express trains which surpass anything yet realized in railway travelling in any country. The whole distance between these stations—over 200 miles—will be run without a single stoppage, and the time occupied will be two and a half hours, the speed being at the extraordinary rate of eighty one miles an hour.

"Burleigh" writes from New York to the Boston *Journal:* Leaning on the *granite pillar of one of our hotels yesterday*, I saw a well-dressed young man, not over thirty; he was very drunk. His friends, some of them among our most respectable citizens, were trying to induce him to go home. Not lost to all self respect, he said, "I am drunk—I won't go home." Two months ago he was reputed to be rich. His balance over in bank was large. He could any day draw his check for fifty thousand dollars. One of the sudden blows that upset the staunchest craft struck him—he took to the bottle, and his end is easily predicted.

One can count on his ten fingers the New York business men who for thirty years have had uninterrupted success. But Now York is full of wrecks of men who, because they could not pay their notes, have flung away character, talent and all. In one of the tenement houses in this city dwells a woman, one who, since I have been your correspondent, was a belle at Saratoga. Her story is the old one—business reverses—the bottle—poverty and woe On the floor of one of the most crowded tenement houses, covered with rags, the husband of this lady was found by a noble-hearted man who sought him out, to save him if he can. And yet a few years ago he was one of our brightest merchants.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

[Advertisement.]

THE RADICAL CANDIDATE FOR SENATOR!

THE PREVIOUS PARDON!!

READ THE RECORD!!!

As the Radicals have nominated Samuel McVitty *for the Senate, it is proper that the* people of the District, of both parties, should know who he is. And for this purpose, without malice, we propose to give a chapter of his history.

In 1841, John Brotherline, the present editor of the Blair county *Radical*, and a supporter of McVitty for the Senate, was the Whig candidate in this county, which then included Blair, for Sheriff. Christian Couts of this borough, was an independent Democratic candidate. John Shaver, of Shirley township, a Whig, came out as an independent candidate against both the others. Samuel McVitty then lived at Shirleysburg, and was a Democrat. He and Judge Leas, of Shirleysburg, who was also a Democrat, were Couts men, but believing that Couts could not be elected, they determined to strike a corrupt bargain with Shaver, and then have Couts withdrawn. In pursuance of this determination, McVitty, Leas, Couts and Shaver met in secret at Shirleysburg, on the 8th day of September, 1841, when McVitty and Leas drew up the following paper, and had Couts and Shaver to sign it in their presence; we copy it exactly, except some corrections *in orthography:*

Memorandum of agreement made and concluded upon, by and between Major John Shaver of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, Penna., of the one part, and Christian Couts, of the borough of Huntingdon, of the other part, Witnesseth, That the said Major Shaver agrees that provided he is elected Sheriff of Huntingdon county, *Pa., this coming fall election*, that he will appoint said Christian Couts his only Deputy during the term the said Major Shaver holds the office, and to give him a reasonable share of the precepts to serve; and the said Shaver agrees to give the said Couts the full fees on every precept that the said Couts serves; and further the said Shaver doth agree to give the said Couts the *Jail* to keep, and to give him full privilege to move into the Jail house and to let the said Couts have all the profits of the Jail, and also to give the said Couts the privilege of conveying all the *convicts* to the Penitentiary with the exception of one or two trips which the said Shaver reserves *for* himself. And further the said Couts on his part doth agree to use all fair and honorable means to promote the success of the said Major Shaver's election for Sheriff, and *the said Couts doth agree from this time to decline being a candidate and to make known his declination* in the newspapers of this county; and further the said Couts doth bind himself to become personally liable for all responsibilities to the said Shaver for duties as Jailor in case of neglect of duty; and the said Couts doth agree to furnish the said Shaver with boarding and horse feed during the term of office; at the following rates: two dollars per week for every twenty-one meals eaten; and the said Couts is to let the said Shaver have eats and hay for his horse at a small profit; the said Shaver having the privilege of discontinuing his boarding, &c., when he sees proper. For the true performance of the within agreement, we do bind our selves, our heirs and assigns in the penal sum of five hundred dollars each; as witness our hands and seals this 8th day of September, A. D. 1842.

JOHN SHAVER. [L. S.]
CHRISTIAN COUTS. [L. S.]

This agreement—so full—so minute and handsomely drawn—was the work of Samuel McVitty, the present Radical candidate for Senator, and his friend and conferee, Hon. William B. Leas.

Everything went on finely under this arrangement. Couts withdrew as a candidate, and John Shaver was elected Sheriff. But now came the trouble. The Whigs made a desperate raid on Shaver and he then refused to stand by his bargain, and appointed John Armitage his Deputy, instead of Christian Couts. After Shaver's election, McVitty did not care so much about Couts' appointment, if he could only be made Deputy himself, and to secure his own appointment, he, Judge Leas, and a prominent Democratic lawyer of this place, went to Shaver's house in the night, soon after his election—but failed to find him at home—and thus both Couts and McVitty were thrown overboard. Shaver having thus violated his faith, McVitty determined *on revenge*, and had Shaver *indicted for corruptly influencing Christian Couts to support his election.* Having been instrumental in having Shaver do what he did, *he then indicted him for it.*

An indictment to No. 4, November Sessions, 1841, was drawn against John Shaver, and a *True Bill* was found by a Grand Jury of which Joseph Smith, Esq., a prominent Radical of Hollidaysburg, and a present friend of McVitty, was Foreman. On the 15th of January, 1842, Shaver being arraigned, plead not guilty, but the Jury returned a verdict of *"guilty in manner and form as he stands indicted,"* and SAMUEL McVITTY, in that trial, was a witness for the Commonwealth! *Oh, shame!* On the 16th April, 1842, Shaver was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 and the costs, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the county for one month; and John Simpson, coroner, was ordered to execute the sentence; and Sheriff Shaver was sent, *in tears*, to jail.

Thus McVitty had obtained his revenge upon Shaver; but the end had not yet come. The same Grand Jury that found the bill against Shaver—Joseph Smith, Foreman—made the following

PRESENTMENT.

The Grand Jury (in connection with the indictment against John Shaver) do present Christian Couts, Innkeeper, of the borough of Huntingdon, and SAMUEL McVITTY, Esq., and William B. Leas, of the borough of Shirleysburg, Huntingdon county, for a violation of the 122d and 123d sections of the act of July, 1839, entitled "an act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and the other acts of the General Assembly and laws and Constitution of the said Commonwealth

JOHN SMITH, Foreman.

Upon this presentment, an indictment for conspiracy was drawn, and a *true bill* was found on the 14th of January, 1842, by a Grand Jury of which *Jeremiah Hutchison*, now deceased, was Foreman.

IN THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Commonwealth vs Christian Couts, William B Leas, Samuel McVitty, John Shaver.	No. 19, January Sessions, 1842. Indictment, Conspiracy, &c.

[The indictment which is very long, can be seen in the Prothonotary's Office, at Huntingdon, to the above number. Let all who doubt, go and see it.]

The following persons were witnesses for the Commonwealth:

Witnesses for the Commonwealth.—Jno. Brumbaugh, Joseph Shannon, John Whittaker, John Flenner, Charles Barton, Nathan Rickets, David Colestock, George Taylor, Esq., Jacob Cresswell, A. W. Benedict, Nathan Rickets, Wm. McNite.

On the 20th of January, 1842, a *nolle prosequi* was entered as to John Shaver, as he had already been convicted. The other defendants, by their Attorney, A. P. Wilson, Esq., moved to quash the indictment as to themselves, but the motion was overruled by the Court, and the case was continued at April and August sessions, 1842; and on the 15th Nov. 1842, the Defendants, Christian Couts, SAMUEL McVITTY, and W. B. Leas, by their Attorney, T. P. Campbell, Esq., come into Court and plead in bar to the indictment a PARDON from the Governor of Pennsylvania, dated the 31st of August, 1842, signed by said Governor, and sealed with the great seal of the Commonwealth—whereupon the Court discharged said Defendents without delay.

Here is the PARDON:

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of SEAL *Pennsylvania. David R. Porter, Governor of the said Commonwealth.*

David R. Porter.

To whom all these presents shall come, sends greeting.

Whereas, at a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace held in and for the county of Huntingdon, at January Sessions of said Court, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, Christian Couts, Wm. Leas, Samuel McVitty and John Shaver, were indicted and charged with the crime of conspiracy, in unlawfully and wickedly conspiring, combining, confederating and agreeing together, to promise to confer divers gifts and rewards upon a certain Christian Couts, one of the before named conspirators in order to procure the election of the said John Shaver, one of the before named conspirators, to the office of Sheriff of said county; and a *nolle prosequi* having been subsequently entered by the Attorney General as to John Shaver, one of the said defendants,

And whereas, it has been represented to me, that said indictment was preferred at a period of great political excitement, when the minds of men were in some degree excited with rancorous animosity against each other, but that upon more mature reflection this unfortunate state of feeling has been allayed, and that neither public justice or the good of society will be promoted by any punishment, of the individuals charged in said indictment.

Now, therefore, in consideration of the premises I have deemed this a proper case for the exercise of the Executive clemency, and do pardon the said Christian Couts, Wm. B. Leas and Samuel McVitty, the said defendants, of the offence and offences alleged in said indictment, and they are hereby severally and fully pardoned *accordingly.*

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this thirty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth the sixty-sixth.

By the Governor.

A. V. Parsons, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Thus we have given a brief chapter from the life of Samuel McVitty; and it has the merit of being authentic. Part of it is, in the language of his own *plea* in 1842, "sealed with the great seal of the Commonwealth," and the balance of it is under the seal of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon county. It is *true, every word of it*, as can be seen by examining the records in the office of the Prothonotary.

And let us call attention to the witnesses for the Commonwealth on the indictment against McVitty. Among them were George Taylor, now our honored Judge, A. W. Benedict, Esq., now deceased, John Flenner, now a Director of the Poor of this county, and others of equal worth.

And why procure a *previous* Pardon, *if not guilty?* It is the *guilty*, not the innocent, that flee when no man pursueth. McVitty had sent Shaver to prison, and he felt that he was *equally* guilty, and he was trembling lest he should become a convict in the prison kept by the Sheriff that he had corruptly elected. Here then, is a record—*true* to the letter, and the man who made it, is now a candidate for the high office of State Senator.—*We have no bitter words to write about him*, for we feel that the simple truth is bitter enough. View his conduct in the light of charity, and can any honorable man endorse it? He entered into a corrupt bargain—and then aided and assisted in sending to prison the very man whom he had induced to become a party to the fraud. And having punished Sheriff Shaver, and feeling his own guilt, he procured a previous Pardon.—*Should such a man be trusted?*

Sheriff Shaver and Christian Couts are in their graves. Samuel McVitty is the Radical candidate for State Senator, and William B. Leas was one of his conferees! So we go, and such is life.

Huntingdon, Sept. 25-1t*

NOTICE TO LUMBERMEN, MINERS AND OTHERS.

Owing to the depression in the Coal trade, I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION at my stable on Broad Top, Huntingdon county, Pa., on the 17th day of OCTOBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a part of my valuable stock of

HORSES AND MULES.

Said stock are in good condition and suitable for any work.

TERMS CASH on all sums less than $100, and over (3) three months with good security.

WM. M. CHASE,
Agent Powelton Coal and Iron Co.

se25-3t

LOGAN ACADEMY.

A First Class High School for Boys.

Its location is healthful, romantic and convenient, seven miles east of Altoona, on the Penna. Central railroad.

☞Next term begins NOVEMBER 4th, 1867.

Apply to R. H. FULTON, Principal.
Antistown P. O., Blair co., Pa.

se18-2m*

AN IMPROVEMENT IN LIGHT!

We take pleasure in putting before the public a LAMP for burning fat, lard or tallow, which is superior to any of the kind ever introduced. It differs from all others, as it does not require the fat to be melted before lighting. It heats the fat by a copper pipe, which conducts the heat under the fat and melts it immediately.

Thousands of the lamps have been sold and no complaints have been made. All Lamps warranted to give general satisfaction, or the money refunded.

A rare opportunity is offered to any person or persons that may wish to engage in the business. Huntingdon and Mifflin counties will be sold in townships at reasonable terms to suit purchasers. A sample lamp will be forwarded to any person on receipt of retail price, $1.50, and forwarded at my expense.

Will either sell territory or pay agents by the day or piece. Agents are making from $5 to $15 per day, for they sell very fast. They are what every person needs. All letters will receive prompt attention.

Address or call on D. WALKER,
Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa.

☞*Lamp may be seen at the Franklin House in Huntingdon; Mr. Hughes' Store, Mill Creek, and at the hotel in Cassville.* se18-tf

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—*Los Angeles, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.*

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit by its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office, A. SPEER,
No. 343 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.
Sold by JOHN REED, Druggist, Huntingdon. se18

EYRE & LANDELL,

Fourth and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Are offering a NEW STOCK of

DRY GOODS

FOR THE FALL SALES OF

1867.

SHAWLS, SILKS, DRESS GOODS,

AND

STAPLE DRY GOODS.

N. B.—Job lots of Goods received daily, [se11-6t

W. M. HOLMES. | C. K. ESSINGTON.

HOLMES & ESSINGTON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR REFINED CAST STEEL

AXES.

Double Bitts, "Pole," Broad and Peeling AXES and Broad HATCHETS, of various patterns, manufactured from best refined Cast Steel.

ALSO,

GRUB HOES, MATTOCKS, RAILROAD AND MINERS' PICKS.

Orders solicited. Orders solicited.

Milesburg, Centre Co., Penna.

sept11-3m

God save the Commonwealth.

PROCLAMATION.—NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION

TO BE HELD ON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1867.

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, 1839, I, JAMES F. BATHURST, High Sheriff of the county of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on the 2d Tuesday after the first Monday of October, (being the 8th day of OCTOBER,) at which time State, District and County officers will be elected, to wit:

One person to fill the office of Supreme Judge of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Blair, Centre, Juniata and Mifflin, in the Senate of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Juniata and Mifflin, in the House of Representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to fill the office of Treasurer of Huntingdon county.

One person to fill the office of County Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

Two persons to fill the office of Jury Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

One person to fill the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.

Two persons to fill the office of Auditor of Huntingdon county.

In pursuance of said act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid special election in the several election districts within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Union School House.

2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Wilson's, in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 10th district, at the school house adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at Rough and Ready Furnace.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg, and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of District No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd, in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker township, and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of Tobias Cauffman's Farm on the bank of the Little Juniata river, to the lower end of Jackson's narrows, thence in a *northwesterly direction to the most southerly* part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north 40 degrees west to the top of Tussey's mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to Little Juniata river, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the public school house opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of Geo. W. Mattern, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union school house, near the Union Meeting house, in said twp.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Maddden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at the school house, near Ezekiel Corbin's, in said township.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre school house, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West township not included in 7th and 25th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Ennis,) in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Magaby, in M'Connellstown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at the Green school house, in said township.

17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the house of Wm. D. Rankin, Warm Springs.

18th district, composed of Cromwell township, at the house now occupied by David Etnire, in Orbisonia.

19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, John E. McCahan, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer and Wm. Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.

20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.

21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public house of Edward Estles, at McAlevy's Fort, in said township.

22d district, composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottsville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Marklesburg, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mount Union,) namely: Beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township lines with *the Juniata river, on the south side* thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of three miles from said river; thence eastwardly, in a straight line, to the point where the main from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy ridge; thence northwardly along the summit of Sandy ridge to the river Juniata, and down the same river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a separate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township elections in the public school house in Mount Union, in said district.

25th district, composed of the borough of Huntingdon, at the Court House in said borough. Those parts of Walker and Porter townships, beginning at the southern end of the bridge across the Juniata river at the foot of Montgomery street, thence by the Juniata township line to the line of the Walker election district, thence by the same to the corner of Porter township at the Woodcock Valley road near Ker's school house, thence by the line between Walker and Porter townships, to the summit of the Warrior ridge, thence along said ridge to the Juniata river so as to include the dwelling-house at Whittaker's, now Fisher's old mill, and thence down said river to the place of beginning, be annexed to the Huntingdon Borough election district, and that the inhabitants thereof shall and may vote at all general elections.

26th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West townships, at or near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's mountain, so as to include the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longanecker, Thos. Hamer, James Porter, and John Wall, at the school-house in the borough of Petersburg.

27th district, composed of Juniata township, at the house of John Peightal, on the lands of Henry Isenberg.

28th district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a Chestnut Oak, on the summit Terrace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little Valley; thence south fifty-two degrees, east three hundred and sixty perches, to a stone heap on the Western Summit of Broad Top mountain; thence north sixty-seven degrees, east three hundred and twelve perches, to a yellow pine; thence south fifty-two degrees, east seven hundred and seventy-two perches, to a Chestnut Oak; thence south fourteen degrees, east three hundred and fifty one perches, to a Chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Green's land; thence south thirty-one and a half degrees, east two hundred and ninety-four perches, to a Chestnut Oak on the summit of a spur of Broad Top, on the Western side of John Terrel's farm; south, sixty-five degrees, east nine hundred and thirty-four perches, to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the Broad Top City Hotel, kept by C. Allmond, in said township.

29th district, composed of the borough of Coalmont, at the public school house in said borough.

30th district, composed of Lincoln township, beginning at a pine on the summit of Tussey mountain on the line between Blair and Huntingdon counties, thence by the division line south, fifty-eight degrees west seven hundred and ninety-eight perches to a black oak in middle of township; thence forty-two and one half degrees east eight hundred and two perches to a pine on summit of Terrace; thence by line of Tod township to corner of Penn township; thence by the lines of the township of Penn to the summit of Tussey mountain; thence along and summit with line of Blair county to place of beginning, at Coffee Run School House.

31st district, composed of the borough of Mapleton, at the Grant school house in said borough.

32d district, composed of the bor

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 25, 1867.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

New Advertisements in this Issue.

☞ See opposite page. ☜

Notice to Lumbermen, Miners and others.

The Radical candidate for Senator.

Brief Items.

—Preaching in the Episcopal Church, on next Sunday morning and afternoon.

—A telegraph line is now being erected between Tyrone and Lock Haven.

—Charley Artley, a son of Mr. Daniel Artley, fell off a bridge and was severely injured, but he is now recovering.

—We have received from Mr. James Terry, of this borough, a basket of the largest tomatoes we ever saw, for which he has our thanks. They will bear off the palm, we think, at the fair.

—S. M. Aultz, proprietor of the City Hotel, Tyrone, accidentally fell through an open hatchway in the Bank, at that place, on Thursday last, and dislocated his right shoulder.

—All the fairs of the neighboring counties of Bedford, Centre, Clearfield, and Indiana, are to be held on the 2d, 3d and 4th of October. Huntingdon has the same days.

—The Brethren of Veranda Lodge I. O. of O. F. No 532, Altoona, visited Juniata Lodge in this place on Friday evening last. They had a general good time and returned home in the morning.

—If politicians and office-seekers want the use of our columns they can be accommodated upon the same terms as other persons who want to make money. Our advertising rates can be found in another part of our paper.

—Every day (Sunday excepted) for two weeks past, from twenty to fifty, (more or less) squirrels, have been brought to town by hunters fond of the sport. They are numerous this year, and the squirrel hunting fever runs high.

—As everybody will be in town next week we hope those indebted to us will give us a call. Those who are square or in advance upon our books we will also be pleased to see, and we hope they may have a pleasant time generally during the Fair.

—The Fair grounds are being handsomely fixed up for an extensive exhibition, and we predict a grand success. Everybody talks of bringing something for exhibition—the right talk, and we hope they will not fail to be on hand in good time on the first day.

—Folly, of the Tyrone *Bulletin*, says in his last: "We once went down the Susquehanna on a raft, and we think we can steer clear of shoals and snags political." He should remember that he has a more gossamer-like vessel to steer than a huge and cumbrous raft on which he "went down" (how?) the Susquehanna.

—The candidates for office will be in town during the Fair, and we suppose they will want to be seen by all the voters. We propose that they have themselves entered and properly labelled, and answer no questions; or if they prefer to make pledges, to make only such as they intend honestly to adhere to.

—We have received a "photo" of "Our Home on the Hillside," a water cure Institution, pleasantly located at Danville, Livingstone county, N. Y. This is one of the largest institutions of the kind in the world, and has met with good success in the treatment of the sick. Rev. James C. Jackson, M. D., is the Principal.

—Our guardian-like city dailies will no doubt be gratified to learn that there is no diminution of the zeal of the gallant knights of the Tourney to make the affair at the Fair a grand success. Their remarks have only tended to redoubled activity, for which we feel thankful. May those dear editors be here to see.

—The Republicans propose to hold mass meetings at Cassville on the 24th, at Petersburg on the 25th, at McAlevy's Fort on the 26th, at Orbisonia on the 27th and at Huntingdon Furnace on the 28th, to commence at 1 P. M., each day. The Democrats, we understand, do not intend to hold any public meetings.

—The Tournament which came off in this place last week has been rather roughly attacked by some old fogy in the Philadelphia *Inquirer*. Whether it be a Southern amusement or not, we want to see it repeated. The parties engaged in the amusement are quite as loyal and respectable as the editors of the *Inquirer* or any of its patrons.

New Goods.

It would be well for the farmers to call at Cunningham & Carmon's before disposing of their marketing as they give a shade higher for all kinds of marketing than any other House in town, and at the same time, they sell all kinds of goods lower than any other establishment in the County. They have just returned from the East with a very large stock of fall and winter goods which is, by odds, the best selection we have seen this season. Farmers, when you come, call and see their stock of Muslins, Calicos, Dress Goods, Sugars, Coffees and especially their choice Syrups. All of which you can get in exchange for marketing. 1t.

☞ Boarding wanted for a gentleman, wife and three children. Address Box 514, Pittsburg, Pa., P. O. *

Musical.

We advise any of our friends attending the Fair next week, who want a good Piano or Cabinet Organ to call at the Music Store of B. M. Greene, and see and hear the very fine Piano of Steinway & Sons, and Cabinet Organs of Mason & Hamlin's, he has on hand. These instruments each took the first premium over all their competitors at the Paris Exposition this summer, and no one should fail to hear them. A very fine performer will be at Mr. Greene's Store during the Fair, and will take pleasure in showing the instruments. The truly celebrated family Sewing Machines of Grover & Baker can also be seen there. These are the only Sewing Machines that both sew and embroider perfectly. Don't fail to call at Mr. Greene's Store, second floor of Liester's New Building, just over Wharton & Maguire's Hardware Store.

☞ The grading and bridging of the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad, north of Philipsburg, will be completed by the first of January next. Messrs. P. & T. Collins, who are the contractors, deserve credit for the energy they have displayed in putting this important work through. They have about three hundred and fifty hands employed. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have the rails delivered at Philipsburg for the laying of the track. The sills are being rapidly got out, and the track laying will commence on the first of November. By the first of January it is expected that the cars will be running to Woodlands. This new road will add vastly to the value of real estate in the neighborhood of Philipsburg, open a new and extensive lumber and coal district to the market, and give a great impetus to the business of this section of the State.

Speer's Port Grape Wine.

The mild character and superior tonic properties of the Port Grape Wine over those formerly used by physicians have deservedly created for it a place in our sick rooms and hospitals. Government now uses it. The Sanitary and Christian commissions use it; and Mr. Speer in producing so excellent a native wine is a benefactor in his line. His business is now very extensive, and what with drawing off and bottling, packing and box-making, quite a force is engaged.

To the remotest part of the country his cases are sent, and by means of his medicinal and Sacramental Port Grape Wine, the name of Alfred Speer has become everywhere a familiar household word.—*Paterson Guardian.*

Our druggists have some of this wine.

Waste Nothing.

If you are a business man, waste not even the newspapers in which you advertise; but, after you and your family have done with them, send them to your friends and acquaintances, and to merchants scattered abroad. You will find it to your interest by so doing. Like bread cast upon the waters, after a while the attention thus conferred upon others shall return to you fourfold in substantial business benefits.

Newspapers are, par excellence, the great advertising mediums of the world. Other modes of advertising, doubtless, do good, more or less; but the newspaper exceeds all others combined in efficiency and results.

Gone East.

Our friend Wm. March is now in the East buying a large stock of goods for the fall trade, and expects to have them on his shelves at the opening of the county Fair, when he will be ready to sell them a trifle cheaper than any other house in town. He will purchase goods especially adapted to the wants of his lady customers, and respectfully asks their patronage. Wait for March's stock, if you want bargains. Old customers will consider their beavers tipped for past patronage, and their country friends are cordially invited to call.

The Bee Hive.

Langstroth's Patent Bee-Hive will be on exhibition at our County Fair and all persons desirous of purchasing borough or township rights will have an opportunity of doing so at that time. The Hive is certainly the best in use. From 35 to 40 pounds of honey have been taken from a single hive that swarmed in June. Don't forget to inquire for the Langstroth's Bee-Hive when you come to the Fair, and if you are wise you will secure a right to use it. 2t.

Special Notice to our Friends and Patrons.

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine the Wall Paper, at Blair's Book Store, on Railroad Street. The stock consists of new and beautiful patterns brought on especially for the fall trade. A full supply of Oil & paper Window Shades on hand.

N. B. You will find the prices of paper considerably reduced. 2t.

Mammoth Celebration.

A Union Celebration will be held in Oakland Grove, at Marklesburg, Penn township, on Friday, Sept. 27th, 1867. Three large Sabbath Schools will be represented, and the occasion is full of promise to all lovers of that Glorious Heavenborn Institution, the Sabbath School. The public is cordially invited to attend.

☞ The largest, best selected, and cheapest stock of first quality goods ever brought to Huntingdon, will arrive from New York at the fine rooms of Fisher & Sons this week. Persons wishing to select from the best stock between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh will please call.

☞ The Mite society of the M. E. Church, Huntingdon, will have a table on the Fair ground during the Fair, at which they will furnish Dinner and Supper. Oysters served in the best style at all hours of the day. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

Tribute of Respect.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by Saxton Lodge, No. 275, I. O. of G. T., Sept. 16, 1867.

Inasmuch as it has pleased Almighty God in the dispensation of his Providence, to remove from the world our worthy brother Wm. H. Russell, and to remind us by his death of the uncertainty of life, and that we who remain are but "dust and ashes," it is solemnly

Resolved, By Saxton Lodge, No. 275, I. O. of G. T., of which the deceased was a respected member, that with reverence and fear we acknowledge the operation of the Divine Ruler of life and death in this instance of immortality, which affects so closely our fraternity and ourselves.

Resolved, That the family of the deceased have our deep and unfeigned sympathy in this their bereavement, and that the comfortable assurance be given them of the devout trust we entertain, that their loss is his gain;

Resolved, That as a token of respect to the memory of our departed brother, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased, and also published in the Monthly Circular, and the Huntingdon, and Bedford County papers.

Wm. W. Gephart, S. S. Fluck, E. Eichelberger, } Com.

At a special meeting of Standing Stone Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of G. T., held Sept. 13th, a committee of three (3) was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the Lodge, relative to the death of Brother Wm. H. Russell. The following were submitted and adopted:

Whereas, In the Providence of God, our Brother Wm. H. Russell, a member of Saxton Lodge, No. 275, I. O. of G. T., and resident of this borough, has been stricken down in the prime of manhood, and called to that "bourne from whence no traveller returns;"

And Whereas, Our community has been bereft of a neighborly citizen, and we of a worthy brother, social companion and exemplary christian; Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we mourn the death of our beloved Brother, and deeply sympathize with the family and friends of the deceased, and with Saxton Lodge, No. 275, in their bereavement, but rejoice with them in the assurance that he died in the hope of a blessed immortality.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and to Saxton Lodge.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the county papers. Committee.

Huntingdon, Sept. 13, 1867.

WANTED, 500 Agents to canvass for a work entitled "Nojoque," written by Hinton R. Helper, author of the "Impending Crisis of the South." The object of the author in this work is to show the great distinction between the white and black races. He denounces negro political and social equality, and says he can no longer act with a party that would willingly destroy the great line of distinction between the white and black races which God himself has established. Every person should secure a copy of this work.

ALSO, 500 Agents wanted to circulate the "Youth's History of the War," the only history from a Democratic standpoint. Those desiring agencies should address

E. W. MILLER, Huntingdon P. O., Pa.,

Or call on Mr. Martin Flenner, at the same place.

August 7, '67–tf.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) N. 605 ARCH street Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. my3-1y*

MARRIED,

January 15, 1867, at the M. E. Parsonage by Rev. J. A. Price, Dr. E. J. Greene and Miss Nannie L. Miller, both of Huntingdon.

Doctor, you have played a very nice game, and played it well; and we hope all your future efforts will be crowned with the same success. May your only punishment for keeping the public in ignorance of such a happy event be a longer life of happiness and prosperity.

DIED,

In this borough, September 17th Robert C Skees, aged 1 year, 1 month and 17 days.

One sweet flower has drooped and faded,
One sweet infant voice has fled,
One fair brow the grave has shaded;
Our dear Bobbie now is dead.

But we feel no thought of sadness,
For our Bobbie is happy now;
He has knelt in heart-felt gladness,
Where the blessed angels bow.

He has gone to Heaven before us,
But he turns and waves his hand—
Pointing to the glories o'er us,
To that happy spirit land.
Gone but not forgotten.

At Shade Gap, Sept. 8th, 1867, of Diptheria and Croup, George Steele, son of George and E. A. Sipes, aged two years, seven months and 26 days.

It was early in the autumn
When Steely was called to go,
In answer to a summons
That was served on him below.

'Twas death that served that summons;
Took him to his cold embrace;
And no one on this earth
Can fill our Steely's place.

Oh! Oh! unwelcome death!
Thou hast taken from us one
Which we were loathe to spare,
As he was our only son.

God grant us grace and patience
To submit unto thy will,
For such must be, dear Father,
The scriptures to fulfill.

Oh, what a precious promise,
Our dearest Saviour made—
That he would gather little children
Into his blest abode.

Now help us, Heavenly parent,
To live for thee alone;
That we may be united
With Steely at thy throne. S.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 21, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $7,50@8,25 extra at $8@9,50, fancy extra family $10@11,75, and Pennsylvania family $11@12,50, and fancy brands $13,00@14,00, according to quality. Rye flour $8,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice now at $2,25@2,40 white $2,27@3,00. Rye at $1,40@1,50. Corn 1,35 to 1,40 Oats at 72c. Barley malt at $1,50.

Cloverseed $8,50@9,25 according to quality; Timothy at $2,75@3,00; Flaxseed $2,75@2,80 per bushel.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 21.—Flour.—There is a fair demand. We quote sales of spring wheat Flour at $10,00@10,50, winter Flour at $11,25@11,50 fancy at $13,00@14.

Wheat, white $2,20@2,25 and No. 1 spring $2,05@2,20. Corn from first hands at $1,25. Rye, $1,25 per bushel. Oats 68@69c; Barley 1,15@1,20. Shoulders 16½c; sides 17½c; hams 22@23c. Lard 16½c.

Chicago Sept. 21.—Flour firm; spring extra $8,50@10,50, Winter, $12,50@14,00. Spring Wheat is at $1,92@1,96. Corn 1,06. Oats, 54cts.

FINANCIAL.

New York, Sept. 21.—Gold closed at 1,43¼.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$9,50	Eggs	15
Extra Flour, old	10,50	Feathers ₱ lb	60
Family Flour	11,00	Flaxseed	$2,25
Red Wheat, old	2,00	Hops ₱ lb	40 @ 60
White Wheat, old	2,20	Ham, smoked	25
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Hay ₱ ton	10,00
Bark per cord	5,50	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	75
Butter	20	Mixed Chop	2,00
Buckwheat	80	Oats	50
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	3,50	Potatoes ₱ bus.	75
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,00	Rags ₱ lb	5
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rye	1,00
Beans ₱ bus	2,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,00
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	7,00	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	15
Chickens	25	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,50
Country Soap	10	Shoulder	18
Corn	1,10	Sides	20
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,2	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Apples plm	1,50	Timothy	3,00
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Turkeys	75 @ 1,50
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	15 to 20	Wool ₱ lb	40
Dried Beef	28		

STOVES, GRATES, RANGES, &C.

ANY of the above articles can be had by addressing the subscriber. Stoves of all kinds and sizes to suit the wants of all.

We call the attention of the public to the

AUTOCRAT COOKING STOVE,

a stove beyond competition. It is a pretty pattern, good baker, with large oven, and suitable for either coal or wood. Stoves furnished at foundry prices. Any person wishing to purchase a stove without cooking utensils can do so, and the prices of all the articles will be deducted. All stoves warranted. Samples can be seen at Mr. Hughe's store, Mill Creek, or at the residence of the subscriber.

All parlor stoves furnished at low prices. Stoves delivered at any railroad station.

D. WALKER,
Airy Dale, Huntingdon county, Pa.

se18-tf

LANGSTROTH'S

Patent BEE-HIVE.

THE undersigned having purchased the exclusive right to manufacture and sell

L. L. LANGSTROTH'S

PATENT

MOVABLE COMB BEE HIVE,

and to sell individual and township rights in Huntingdon county, all persons desiring to purchase Hives or individual or township rights, can do so by making application to them or either of them. The Rights to sell Langstroth's *Original* Patent expired on the fifth day of October, 1860; at which time it was extended for seven years, and all persons having purchased rights under the original patent are hereby notified that they cannot lawfully make or sell hives since the extension.

This Hive has been in use for some time in several parts of the county and has given general satisfaction.—The undersigned would respectfully refer all persons wishing to examine the hives, to the following persons who have them in use, viz: Thomas Fisher, John Read, H W. Miller, Daniel Womelsdorf.

Applications for individual or township rights should be made personally or by letter to the undersigned at Cove Station P. O., Huntingdon county, Pa.

JOHN T. SHIRLEY,
JAMES C. SHIRLEY,
JACKSON ENYEART.

sept11-1m

RUDOLPH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

FANCY GOODS, Wholesale & Retail.

THE undersigned takes the liberty of calling the attention of the public in general to his new and splendid variety of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, CAPS,

UMBRELLAS and SUN-SHADES.

Making weekly purchases from the New York and Philadelphia markets, I am prepared to offer to my lady friends of Huntingdon and vicinity one of the nicest lines of Dress and Sacque

BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS,

of the very latest novelties out that is possible to bring together, and at prices to meet the views of all classes.

Ladies' and Gents' (Jouvin's) Kid Gloves, black and mellium shades, and any particular shade and size furnished at the shortest notice; also, a very pretty assortment of white and colored Berlin and Lisle thread Gloves, plain and fancy tops; black and colored Velvet Ribbon, first quality and common, all widths.

White Dress Goods, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Ladies, Hats, Sundowns, Knitting Cotton, (all colors,) Germantown Wool, Zephyrs, Canes, Silk for lining bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs, Collars and Shirt Fronts, an elegant selection of black and fancy Neck Ties, Broadway, Chantilly Bows, and Napoleon Stocks for the aged and a fine assortment of Bugle Trimming.

Hosiery with me will claim special attention to select and offer the very best English and German Regular Made Goods and the Domestic and Lower Grades. Child's fancy one half Hose, &c., with that endless variety of Small Wares to be found in a well stocked Notion Store of quality superior as a line, and at prices to meet all competition

A large stock of Boys' and Gents' Hats and Caps of the latest styles and all qualities at prices ranging from 25 cts. to $5.00.

W. P. RUDOLPH.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1867.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. In nearly all cases of Chronic Disease, Electricity is a sure remedy, and in all cases beneficial, if properly applied. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only relief, or a permanent cure can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county

All letters address to

WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
McConnellstown, Pa.

ELECTRICITY

ja15'67

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, Bonnets, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, ap. 16, 1867.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand

Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.

Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.,

aug28-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale a Valuable Farm situate in WEST township, near Shaver's Creek. The Farm contains

234 ACRES

of good Limestone Land, 150 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance being timber land.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

consist of a large two-story STONE HOUSE, two Bank Barns, Spring House, Carriage House, and other outbuildings. There are two good ORCHARDS on the premises, one old and the other young, just beginning to bear. A number of never-failing streams of water run through the land, and pass by the house.

This is a desirable property, with good surroundings, and convenient to churches, schools and market. It will be sold at a reasonable figure.

GEORGE WILSON.

aug21-6t*

BOOK AGENTS WANTED

TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED

BIBLE DICTIONARY.

(Complete in One Volume.)

This Dictionary embodies the results of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all the denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this Work, Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.

But, on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address

PARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa.

aug21-6t.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof), floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 400 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,

se4-6m 254 Pearl street, New York.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish.

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

"Own Make."

After more than *five years* experience and experimenting in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay.

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter 'H' is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hand a full line of good New York and Eastern made skirts at very low prices. Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

aug28-3m

NEW

LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Ivat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at *LEWIS* Family Grocery.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.

Aug. 14, '67–6m. Proprietors.

By Canal & Railroad.

We are now receiving by Canal and Railroad from the eastern and western cities,

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES

Of every description,

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,

FLOUR, FEED,

AND

Provision,

Of all kinds.

COAL.

Anthracite, Pittsburgh, and Broad Top Coal for sale by the Cart or Boat load.

LUMBER.

Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering Lath, in large or small quantities.

Nails and Bar ron, at manufacturers' prices.

HENRY & CO.,

je26 Huntingdon, Pa.

GREAT OPENING

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

AT THE

NEW STORE

OF

JOSEPH MARCH & BRO.,

COFFEE RUN, PENN'A.

The subscribers have received a new and complete assorted stock of

DRY GOODS,

Including a large and varied assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, of the latest styles and fashions. Also

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
FISH, SALT, BACON,

and all other articles usually kept in a well conducted store, all of which are offered as cheap as at any other establishment in this section of country.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods

Thankful for former patronage, we hereby extend an invitation to our Trough Creek friends and the public generally for a renewal of the same, promising by a close attention to business and the wants of customers, to fully merit it.

j19 JOS. MARCH & BRO.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

HAVE

CARPETINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

For Sale at Wholesale Prices,

SUCH AS, ALL WOOL

INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.

Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

Can't Be Beaten!

Good Stock & Low Prices!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

REMOVAL.

ROBLEY & MARSH,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they have removed to the room adjoining the Post Office on Hill street, where they have received a new stock of the most fashionable and serviceable

DRESS GOODS,

Which they are prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable and substantial order.

Call and examine their assortment of goods for

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS,

Before purchasing elsewhere. They are determined to please everybody.

H. ROBLEY,
GEO. F. MARSH.

ap10,1867

Something New "?"

GLAZIER & BRO.

HAVE just opened up on the corner of WASHINGTON and SMITH streets, a new and

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HATS,
SHOES,
ETC., ETC.

The citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity are hereby tendered a standing invitation to call and examine our stock. Our aim will ever be, that complete satisfaction, both as regards goods and prices, be given to every purchaser.

Huntingdon, March 27, 1867. GLAZIER & BRO.

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid to the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS.

Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent.

may29,1867 Huntingdon, Huntingdon co., Pa.

THE LAMB IMPROVED

FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE.

Please call and see this valuable Machine, and the work which it produces. Machines with all the appurtenances, for sale at the low price of $65, and warranted, as represented. CALL AND SEE IT.

—Room, on WASHINGTON Street, (opposite the "GLOBE" Printing office,) HUNTINGDON, Pa.

An assortment of Knit Goods on hand, for sale, and made to order on short notice, Such as Ladies,' Misses', and Children's Stockings, Gents' Woolen and Cotton Socks; also, Scarfs, Afghans, Pulse Warmers, Caps, Tidys, &c.

☞ The LAMB KNITTING Machine is very simple, and finishes its work; capable of producing more than a dozen different stitches; it is unlike any other Machine of the kind in the market; it will do the work of twenty women and is suitable for institutes as well as families.

It is complete in every particular, and without a wheel

FARMERS

And their LADIES should see this Machine in operation, so REMEMBER the place and do not fail to see it.

WASHINGTON STREET,

(Opposite the "GLOBE" Office.)

HUNTINGDON, Penn'a.

jly31-67-tf S. M. LONGWELL, Agt.

A. L. LEWIS,

LEISTER'S NEW BUILDING,

Huntingdon, Pa.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, CARPETINGS,
OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE
AND GROCERIES.

REMEMBER!

This is the Store, Where Goods are Sold CHEAP.

July 17, '67–tf.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

Also—

HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR, RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill, street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.

Call and examine. Z. YENTER.

Huntingdon, may 8, 1867

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any

LIST OF PREMIUMS & AWARDING COMMITTEES for the Ninth Annual Exhibition of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society to be held at Huntingdon, on October 2d, 3d and 4th, 1867.

CLASS I—HORSES—BRED STOCK.

Best stallion,	$15 00	Best brood mare,	$10 00
second best,	10	second best,	7
third best,	5	third best,	5
best 3 year old,	10	best 3 year old,	8
second best,	6	second best,	6
third best,	4	third best,	4
best 2 year old	6	best 2 year old,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	3	third best,	3
best yearling,	5	best colt 6 months old	
second best,	4	or under,	6
third best,	3	second best,	4
best gelding,	10	third best,	3
second best,	7		
third best,	4		

CLASS 2—COMMON STOCK.

Best draught stallion	$10 00	best draught horse or	
second best,	7	mare,	$6 00
third best,	5	second best,	4
best 2 year old,	7	third best,	2
second best,	6	best riding horse or mare	
third best,	5	second best,	4
best 2 year old,	6	third best,	3
second best,	4	best family horse or	
third best,	3	mare,	8
best yearling,	4	second best,	6
second best,	6	third best,	4
third best,	2	best pair matches,	10
best bred mare,	8	second best,	8
second best	6	third best,	6
third best,	5	best pair mules,	8
best 3 year old do.,	6	second best,	6
second best,	4	third best,	4
third best,	3	best trot'g horse or mare	
best 2 year old do,	5	second best,	6
second best,	4	third best,	4
third best,	3	best racking horse or	
best yearling do.,	4	mare,	6
second best,	3	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	2
best colt 6 months old		best walking horse or	
or under,	4	mare,	6
second best,	3	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	2

The Committee respectfully recommend that no person be allowed to enter any horse or mare for more than one premium or be allowed to change from one to another class, and that all stock of class No. 1 be charged an entrance fee of One Dollar on each head, excepting two year old and under. And all stock of the above classes must be entered on or before 12o'clock of the second day.

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—A. P. Wilson, Robert Wilson, Charles C. Ash, David McGarvey, Mordecai Henry, John Q. Adams, B. X. Blair.

CLASS 3—NEAT STOCK.

SHORT HORN.		DEVON.	
Best bull,	$10 00	Best bull,	$10 00
second best,	6	second best,	8
third best.	4	third best,	6
best cow,	8	best cow,	8
second best,	6	second best,	6
third best,	4	third best,	4
best heifer,	6	best heifer,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	3	third best,	3
best calf,	4	best calf,	4
second best,	3	second best,	3
third best,	1	third best,	2
ALDERNEY.		common.	
Best bull,	8 00	Best work oxen,	8 00
second best,	6	second best,	6
third best,	4	third best,	4
best cow,	6	best bull,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	2	third best,	2
best heifer,	6	best cow,	6
second best,	4	second best,	4
third best,	3	third best,	2
best calf,	3	best heifer	4
second best,	2	second best	3
third best,	1	third best	2
		best calf	3
		second best	2
		third best	1

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Samuel Hatfield, Richard G. Morrison, David Rupert, David Stewart, [Colerain] Alexander M. Oaks, Michael Stair, Isaac M. Neff.

CLASS 3—HOGS.

Best boar,	$5 00	best chester white,	$2 00
second best,	3	second best,	2
third best,	2	best berkshires,	3
best sow,	4	second best,	2
second best,	2		
best litter of pigs,	3		
second best,	2		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John S. Isett, Samuel Myton, Samuel Eby, John Zentmyer, John Nightwine, Thos. E. Orbison, Benjamin Isenberg.

CLASS 4—SHEEP.

Best long wool buck,	$5 00	best long wool ewe	$5 00
second best,	3	second best,	3
best southdown,	5	best southdown,	5
second best,	3	second best,	3
best merino,	5	best merino,	5
second best,	3	second best,	3
		best lot common sheep,	5

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Hayett, Lewis Stever, David Hess, George Swine, William Wray, Jacob F. Hoover, Samuel Neal.

CLASS 5—PLOWING.

For the best plowing,	$5 00
second best,	3 00
third best,	2 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Mierly, Gilbert Horning, Elliott Robley, Thomas Heiskill, Hugh Cunningham, Daniel Kyper, Elisha Shoemaker.

CLASS 6—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best plow,	$5 00	best straw and fodder	
second best,	3	cutter,	$1 00
third best,	2	second best,	2
best subsoil plow,	3	best hand corn sheller,	4
second best,	2	second best,	2
best double shovel plow,	2	best clover huller,	8
second best,	1	second best,	4
best corn cultivator,	2	best hay & grain rake,	5
second best,	1	second best,	3
best hill plow,	6	best cider mill,	4
second best,	2	best sorghum mill and	
best wind-mill,	5	evaporator,	8
second best,	3	best 4 horse threshing	
best grain drill,	6	machine,	10
second best,	3	best 2 horse do.,	5
best cornplanter,	3	best harrow,	2
second best,	2	second best,	1
best mower and reaper,	10	best wagon lifter,	2
second best,	5	second best,	1
		third best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Livingston Robb, David Hamilton, Job Slack, Job Plympton, Mr. Ames, Henry Hudson, Isaac C. Gorsuch.

CLASS 7—GRAIN, SEEDS, FLOUR AND MEAL.

Best bus. white wheat,	$2 00	best buckwheat,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
third best,	50	best cloverseed,	1 00
best bus. red wheat,	2 00	second best,	50
second best,	1 00	best timothy seed,	1 00
third best,	50	second best,	50
best bushel of rye,	1 00	best barrel white wheat	
second best,	50	flour,	2 00
best bus. yellow corn,	1 00	second best,	1 00
second best,	50	best barrel red wheat	
best white corn,	1 00	flour,	2 00
second best,	50	second best,	1 00
best sweet corn,	50	best barrel rye flour,	1 00
second best,	50	best 50 lbs. corn meal,	
best pop corn,	50	yellow,	1 00
second best,	25	best 50 lbs. corn meal,	
best oats,	1 00	white,	1 00
second best,	50	best 50 lbs. buckwheat	
best barley,	1 00	meal,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—George McLaughlin, Edward Isett, Robert McBurney, Samuel P. Foster, Newton Madden, Wm. B. Lees, Richard Ashman.

CLASS 8—MECHANICAL IMPLEMENTS AND UTENSILS.

Best 2 horse carriage,	$2 00	best and greatest variety	
best buggy,	1 00	stoneware and earthen	
best set single harness,	2 00	en ware,	1 00
best set farm harness,	2 00	best washing machine,	50
best saddle and bridle,	1 00	best churn,	1 00
best pair of boots,	1 00	best meat vessel,	1,00
best pair of shoes,	50	best specimen of marble	
best side sole leather,	1 00	work,	2 00
best kip and calf skin,	1 00	best cook stove,	1 00
best side harness and		best pair horse shoes	50
upper leather,	1 00	best cornbroom,	50
best lot cabinet ware,	2 00	best rake,	50
best and greatest variety of tin-ware,	1 00	best shaking fork,	50
		second best,	25

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—William Dorris, John Laporte, Wm. Chase, Anthony Beaver, Samuel McVitty, James Wilson, George W. Cornelius.

CLASS 9, NO. 1.—FRUITS.

Best and largest variety of apples, labeled, not less than 8 of each,	$3 00	best do. winter apples labeled,	1 00
second best,	2 00	second best,	50
third best,	1 00	best and greatest variety of peaches, not less than 3 each labelled,	2 00
best ten varieties apples labeled, not less than 3 of each,	2 00	best assorted basket or dish of peaches,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
third best,	50	best basket or dish of plums 6 of each labeled,	1 00
best dozen fall apples labelled,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. Jno. McCulloch, Jacob Porter, Levi Pheasant, John Van Devander, James Huey, Jackson White, John McCombo.

CLASS 9, NO. 2.—FRUITS.

Best and largest variety of pears, labeled, and not less than 3 each	$3 00	best seedling,	$1 00
second best,	2 00	third best,	50
third best,	1 00	best basket or dish of native grapes, labeled,	1 00
best basket or dish of pears,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	third best,	25
best dozen fall pears, labeled,	1 00	best basket or dish foreign grapes, labeled, grown in open air,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best dozen winter pears labeled,	1 00	best and largest variety grapes grown under glass, labeled,	2 00
second best,	50	second best,	1 00
best and largest collection of grapes grown in open air, labeled,	2 00	best basket or dish of samo, &c.,	1 00
		second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Hon. George Taylor, Henry Grafius, Reuben J. Mussey, W. A. Fraker, Dr. G. W. Hewitt, Dr. J. A. Shade, Simeon Wright.

CLASS 10, NO. 1.—VEGETABLES.

Best and largest collection of potatoes, ten of each, labeled,	$2 00	best spotted Mercers,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best peck early potatoes named and labeled,	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best white Mercers,	1 00
third best,	25	second best	50
best peck late potatoes, named and labeled,	1 00	third best	25
second best,	50	best Peach Blows,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
best peck late potatoes, named and labeled,	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best Prince Alberts,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
best Harrison potatoes	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best Mexican,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
best early Goodrich,	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best Cuzco White,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
best Mountain,	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best Garnet Chile,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
best pinkeyed russet	1 00	third best,	25
second best,	50	best other variety,	1 00
third best,	25	second best,	50
		best sweet potatoes,	1 00
		second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Andrew G. Neff, John R. Gosnell, Richard Chilcote, John Rhodes, Shedrick Chaney, Levi Wright, Steward Foster.

CLASS 10, NO. 2.—VEGETABLES.

Best ruta baga,	50	third best,	25
second best,	25	best mangel wertzel,	50
best sugar beet,	50	second best	25
second best,	25	best water melon,	50
best peppers,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best egg plant,	50
best tobacco,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best turnips,	50
best parsnips,	50	second best,	25
best carrots,	50	best tomatoes,	50
best onions,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	third best,	25
best celery,	50	best and greatest variety of tomatoes,	1 00
second best,	25	best muskmelon,	50
best cauliflower,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best beans,	50
best pumpkins,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best peas,	50
best pie pumpkin,	50	second best,	25
second best,	25	best fall or winter let-	
best squashes,	50	tuce,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best cabbage,	1 00		
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—B. R. Foust, Daniel Piper, Lewis Bergons, George Hawn, (of Brady,) James Henderson, Miss Prudence Jackson, Mrs. T. P. Love, Miss Sue Neff, Mrs. Mary Shoemaker.

CLASS 11—POULTRY.

Best and largest variety of pure bred fowls,	$2 00	best black spanish,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best.	50
best pair or trio Shanghost,	1 00	best pair or trio of Polands,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best pair or trio of Cochin China,	1 00	best java fowls	1 00
second best.	50	second best,	50
best Bramaputras,	1 00	best mixed breed,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best Dorkings,	1 00	best guinea fowls,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best spangled hamburg,	1 00	best ducks,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best game,	1 00	best geese,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—William Lewis, J. White Shaver, D. S. Baker, Abram Harnish, Calvin Jones, Thomas C. Fisher, David Neff.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

CLASS 12—BREAD, CAKES, &C.

Best homemade bread,	$1 00	best homemade bread,	$1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best roll of butter,	2 00	best roll of butter,	2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
third best,	50	third best,	50
Open to competition for unmarried ladies.		Open to competition for married ladies.	
best bakers' bread,	1 00	best pearl cake,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best pound cake,	1 00	best gold cake,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best sponge cake,	1 00	best silver cake,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best fruit cake,	1 00	best ginger cake,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best jelly cake,	1 00	best sugar cake,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best jumbles,	1 00	best jumbles,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best pies,	1 00	best rusk,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
third best,	25	best biscuit,	1 01
best custard,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	Reduced one-half.	

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—R. Bruce Petrikin, Miss Lettie O. Fisher, Mrs. R. B. Myton, Mrs. Mordecai Henry, Mrs. John T. Whittaker, Miss McBurney, Mrs. J. Boblits.

CLASS 13—CHEESE, HONEY, &C.

Best cheese,	$1 00	best grape wine, home made,	$1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best honey,	2 00	best currant wine,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
third best,	50	best blackberry wine,	1 00
best ham cured by exhibitor and cooked whole,	2 00	second best,	50
second best,	1 00	best strawberry wine,	1 00
best hard soap,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best other home made wine,	1 00
best tallow candles,	1 00	second best,	50
second best.	50	best domestic cordial,	1 00
best dried beef,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—David Blair, Miss Mary Orbison-Mrs. Ada Snare, Miss Belle Clarkson, Miss Ellen Frakon Miss Eliza Henderson, George W. Johnston.

CLASS 14—PRESERVES, JELLIES AND JAMS.

Best preserved strawberries,	50	best apple jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best pineapples,	50	best currant jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best quinces,	50	best quince jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best peaches,	50	best raspberry jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best plums,	50	best blackberry jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best pears,	50	best grape jelly,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best crabapples,	50	best elderberry jam,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best cherries,	50	best raspberry jam,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
best tomatoes,	50	best dewberry jam,	50
second best,	25	second best,	25
		best blackberry jam,	50
		second best,	25
		best quince marmalade,	50
		second best,	25
		best peach marmalade,	50
		second best,	25
		best pear marmalade,	50
		second best,	25
		best tomato marmalade,	50
		second best,	25
		best preserved fruit,	50
		second best,	25
		best pickled fruit,	50
		second best,	25

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Richard R. Bryan, Miss Julia Ginzler, Miss Ellie Anderson, Miss Mary L. Myton, Mrs George Eby, Mrs. John M. Stonebraker, Miss Ellen W. Hamilton.

CLASS 15—SUGAR, BUTTER AND PICKLES.

Best domestic sugar,	$1 00	best quince butter,	$1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best maple molasses,	1 00	best mixed pickles,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best sorghum molasses,	1 00	best cucumber,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
third best,	25	best pepper,	50
best tomato butter,	1 00	second best,	25
second best,	50	best tomatoes,	50
best grape butter,	1 00	second best,	25
second best,	50	best cantelope,	50
best apple butter,	1 00	second best,	25
second best,	50	best tomato catsup,	1 00
best pear butter,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best cider vinegar,	1 00
		second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—A. P. White, Miss Jane McCulloch, Mrs. Isaac Cornwick, Mrs. Alanson Grafius, Miss Annie Wilson, Miss Lizzie Huyett, Mrs. Abner Anderson.

CLASS 16—DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

Best woolen carpet not less than ten yards each,	$2 00	best table cover,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best rag carpet not less than new yards,	2 00	best pair woolen stockings,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best flannel not less than ten yards,	2 00	best pair linen knit stockings,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best hearth rug,	1 00	best pair worsted stockings,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best coverlet,	1 00	best pair of cotton stockings,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best patchwork quilt,	1 00	best woolen gloves,	50
second best,	50	best woolen mittens,	50
best counterpane,	1 00		
second best,	50		
best collection verbenas,	1 00		
second best,	50		
best collection petunas,	1 00		
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John Scott, Mrs. Jas. Bricker Mrs. James Shively, Mrs. James Oaks, Mrs. E. A. Green, Miss Mary Gwin, Miss Kate Stewart.

CLASS 17—LINEN AND FANCY WORK MANUFACTURES.

Best 6 yards homemade linen,	$2 00	best worked cushion and back,	$2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best 6 yards linen diaper,	2 00	best worked reception chair,	2 00
second best.	1 00	second best,	1 00
best 6 yards toweloth,	2 00	best ottoman cover,	2 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	1 00
best homemade shirt,	1 00	best lamp stand mat,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best pound of linen sewing thread,	1 00	best flower vase mat,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. J. H. Wintrode, Mrs. Peter Shaver, Mrs. H. Coyle, Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Miss Eliza Cresswell, Mrs. B. L. Neff, John R. Thompson.

CLASS 18—BONNETS, EMBROIDERY, &c.

Best bonnet,	$2 00	best embroidered lady's skirt,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best worked child's dress, muslin,	2 00	best embroidered pocket handkerchief,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best worked child's dress, worsted,	2 00	best embroidered slipper,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best embroidery on muslin,	1 00	best embroidered slippers, worsted,	50
second best,	50	second best,	25
best crotchet tidy,	1 00	best crotchet shawl,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Dr. S. Thompson, Mrs. J. A. Hanigar, Miss Eunice Africa, Mrs. P. B. Akers, Mrs. W. Buchanan, Mrs. Rudolph Neff, Mrs. White of West.

CLASS 19—SHELLWORK, &c.

Best ocean shell and moss work,	$2 00	best second best,	1 00
second best,	1 00	best specimen of dry pressed flowers,	$1 00
best bead work,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50	best specimen of wax fruits,	2 00
best leather work, ornamental,	1 00	second best,	1 00
second best,	50	best hair flowers,	2 00
best wax vase,	1 00	second best,	1 00
second best.	50	best seed flowers,	2 00
best vase wax flowers,	2 00	second best,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—S. Miles Green, Miss M. Cresswell, Miss M. R. Browster, Mrs. R. A. Lovell, Mrs. Silas A. Crosswell, Miss Josina Greenland, Mrs. J. G. Boyer.

CLASS 20—FLORAL DEPARTMENT.

Best floral design,	$2 00	best collection geranium,	$1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best table vase of cut flowers,	50	best collection pansies,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best vase of growing flowers,	50	best collection phloxes,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best vase of dried flowers,	50	best collection asters,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best round hand bouquet,	50	best collection of verbenas,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best flat bouquet,	50	best collection of roses,	1 00
second best,	25	second best,	50
best collection dahlias,	2 00	best hanging basket growing plants,	1 00
second best,	1 00	second best,	50
best collection verbenas,	1 00	best hanging basket of cut flowers,	1 00
second best,	50	second best.	50
best collection petunas,	1 00	best collection of pot plants,	2 00
second best,	50	second best,	1 00

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Mrs. M. Cresswell, Miss Mary Cresswell, Miss Mary Ann Cresswell, Miss Sarah A. Lee, Mrs. John K. Ramey.

CLASS 21—PAINTING.

Best oil painting fruit or portrait,	$1 00	best colored crayon drawing,	$1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best oil painting on glass,	1 00	best India ink drawing,	1 00
second best.	50	second best,	50
best landscape, oil	1 00	best painting in water colors,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best landscape from nature,	1 00	best specimen of marine drawing,	1 00
second best,	50	second best,	50
best lithograph, oil	1 00	best oriental painting	
second best,	50	grecian or italian,	1 00
best pen or pencil drawing,	1 00	second best,	50
second best,	50		

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—Prof L. G. Grier, Mrs. W. H. Woods, Mrs. Samuel Neal, Mrs. Doctor Brown, Mrs. R. E. Wilson, Mrs. B. K. Neff, Mrs. Hugh Jackson.

A premium of $8 will be awarded for the best horsewomanship; second best, $5; third best, $3.

A premium of a riding whip will be awarded for the best horsemanship performed by a gentleman.

AWARDING COMMITTEE.—John S. Miller, Chairman; Dr. R. A. Miller, Asberry Stewart, Asberry Oaks, Dr. W. P. McKitte.

AWARDING COMMITTEE ON DISCRETIONARY PREMIUMS.—Lewis Knode, John K. Metz, Daniel Womelsdorf, Richard Silverthorn, Robert Goosliorn, James Entrikin, Samuel Wigton, James Clayton, Levi Evans.

To the best Base Ball Club, a set of Balls and Bats of best quality. Clubs from other counties entitled to compete. Competing clubs to adopt their own Rules and appoint their awarding committee.

THOMAS BELL, *Chief Marshall.*

W. F. CUNNINGHAM, S. L. HUTSELL, } *Assistants.*

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware. Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,

SAWS,

AUGERS,

HATCHETS,

HAMMERS,

FILES,

CHISELS,

HINGES,

SCREWS,

LOCKS,

BOLTS,

PULLEYS,

SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a *Grain Separator to a Wheat-stone.*

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,

Scythes,

Hoes,

Hay Forks,

Trace and Halter Chains,

Breast Chains,

Cow Ties,

Curry Combs,

Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON-BOXES,

CARRIAGE SPRINGS,

IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO. SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

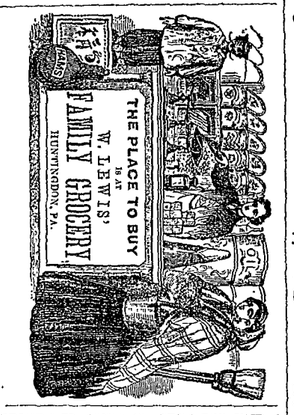
We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon. April 3, 1867.



WHAT WAS WANTED!

OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Scott's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

PIECE GOODS,

Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,

Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.

His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establishment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.

H. GREENBERG,
Merchant Tailor.

Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he has constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Flutes, Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—*the only machine that,* in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and *Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.*

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the *same* as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Second floor of Leister's new brick building

may8,'67

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on NEFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church

mch6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respect